The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

666—THIRD YEAR | BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, APRIL 3, 1864 | PRICE—TWO DOLLARS.

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The Standard.

"Ad istud audeam nil vel non oblitus dicere."—*Cicero.*

SUNDAY, APRIL 3, 1864.

THE PARTIDO OF MORON AND ARRECIFES.

In 1860 the lands and properties of Moron were assessed by Government at 100,000 being (in round numbers) the same as the previous year. Last year they appear as 112, or one-tenth the total value of the *campana*. As the population has not much varied, we infer the taxation demanded increased per head, without any ostensible plea or pretext on the part of the Government, or any extraordinary improvements realized with the increased 1150 per cent. If this system could be applied to the rest of the Republic, President Mitre's wish for 12 millions revenue would be fulfilled in exactly 15 days, being an increase of only 50 per cent. on the present income. It is, however, surprising that in this same gold-bearing district there are five ex. leagues of Government land, valued at 16 millions. Seeing that the Government give the enormous revenue 336,000 $, it would be advisable to sell out the other five, if only to amortize so much paper money and property tax would be increased 48,000 dols. In the list of estates we perceive some splendid establishments: Plomer, 3 leagues, worth nearly 3 millions; Cascallares, 2 leagues, almost 2 millions; Smith, Pereira, Cieza, Calderon, each 1 million. It would seem that several parties have not yet paid their cuota, as the Justice only acknowledges 75,088 dols. although the summary gives a return of 336,0 0 dols.: taking the former figure the tax would be only raised 180 per cent on the previous year. In fact there is some egregious error, for the Justice complains to Governor Saavedra that the partido is set down at 40 leagues in the Register, and, for the life of him, he cannot find over 21!

If there were moving hogs, as in Ireland, we could understand how one-half the partido might disappear between night and morning, but as the Justice's report is dated July 31st 1863, we should like to know whether the missing half has yet been found. It adds that in most cases the valuation has been reduced, yet in the same sentence congratulates the Government on the increase of property tax from 27,0 0 to 75,0 0 dols. If these figures were made to confound or amuse the enquirer, D. Martin Rivadavia has fully answered. In page 4 we read that Moron, valuation 112 millions, tax 336,000, extent 40 leagues. In page 92 we read Moron, valuation 25 millions, tax 75,088, extent 21½ leagues.

Following the Justice's report as more accurate, and supposing the other to have been set by a drunken Irish peasoke, or lunatic clerk, we find that one-tenth of the property in Moron is held by Englishmen: Messrs. Smith, Wood, Dillon, (Gerald) Lawless, Connell, Coffin, Brack, Small, Taggart, Tinsen, Kiernan, Longden, and Gowland, who pay an aggregate of $7,185 property tax.

The partido of Arrecifes appears in page 4 as having paid in 1861, 11,400 dols, which rose in 1862 to 20,853 dols, and is returned for it returned for 1863 at 163,000 dols. Here again we are all at sea, for in page 92 we find, extent 120 sq. leagues, but the commission says "a slight error has crept in, the district having only 81 leagues" What became of the other 39, we have not yet, but we suppose they went to make up the deficiency at Moron? Really at this rate some of the partidos will wholly disappear in two years more. Well, the Justice has only collected 96,140 dols, showing an increase of 370 p$. 100; rather a flourishing state of things, withal.

The finest estancia is that of Juan B. Molina, valued at seven millions, and 15 sq. leagues: next is Stegman's 13 leagues, four millions. Those of Local, Criuel, and Ortega are each 5 leagues: Andrade and Dr. Sarsfield each 8½ leagues; Saavedra and Vidas, each 3 leagues. The only English proprietor is Mr. Thomas Billinge who has two leagues of camp. The return is dated June 1st 1863, and since then several foreigners have purchased and settled on lands in this district.

We will review seriatim the several partidos, and although on minute examination the gigantic assumption of Moron and Arrecifes have fallen to 180 and 37.5 p$. respectively, we regard such a return as perfectly monstrous, and will show that an excessive taxation is being wisely levied off the rural industry, which we predict will ere long, or property is given in return. This revenue will be still more interesting furnishing the moment offunded property is held by English (Irish) settlers, and when we shall have made the circuit of the province, we intend to make some practical reflections for the good of both natives and foreigners.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Money will be a strict holiday, as the feast of Lazarus (26th ult.) has been transferred to that date, from the coincidence of Good Friday having fallen on the former day. Several people have gone out of town, to enjoy the two days' vacation.

The heat seems on the increase, being at present much more intense than has been at this season of the year, in the middle of the past Summer. Last night we lighted parlor fires by this time of the season. Yesterday, one could hardly breathe, the atmosphere was so sultry, and there were signs of a heavy rain storm.

The late showers have done a slight service in some parts of the camp, but we hear from the Capilla-Señor that the land is as bare as our streets. The cattle in many places are dying from eating thistles.

An English gentleman just arrived from Pilar informs us that the *Tribuna* report about a Maz-horcada and great Criollo victory is false. The utmost order prevailed and the Criollos admit their inquiry was but *one*, 138 to 137.

There was great confusion on the Melo, yesterday, the passengers for Paraguay and Uruguay being taken off in carts. The Paran discharged her passengers in like manner. One boat having got aground was taken in tow by a boat-load.

We now saw two cut-throat looking ruffians, mulattoes, escorted by 4 soldiers, as if going to be transhipped for execution, and we remembered the Union pirates, but could learn nothing about the individuals in question or their destination.

A list of non-subscribers has requested a list of all the Irish or English murdered in the province of Buenos Ayres since the fall of Rosas We believe they exceed 1000, and in no single case has the assassin been executed. This fact will justify our ideas for a Vigilance Committee, if not the actual lynching. The Society of Londres in Pilar has promised a long list of this unpunished bloodshed, to which the authorities are to contribute.

An English gentleman was seized on the mole, and obliged to pay duty on a saddle which he had brought from Montevideo. The wife of a Spaniard, since he paid import duty on the same, at first arrival, although the baggage of immigrants is, by the law, free of duty, and on the frontier of Entre Rios, Iguayuchu, it is inexplicable how he can have been charged export duty and the saddle not taken away, rendered it would make a present of the expensive and persecuted saddle to the policeman on guard.

We have to salute the commander and officers of H. B. M. gunboat Spider, which arrived on Friday, having received orders to proceed to the rapids, and saving the Royal Dane from shipwreck.

Two young Criollos were arrested last week for casting disorder at San Telmo Theatre on the elections. The "Unitana" is quite indignant, as in M. Varela's opinion, Criollism, like charity, "covereth a multitude of sins."

In another column will be found the advertisement of Humblenet, the peerial, which Augustus sees for sale, as the establishment of Santa Catalina. We believe these animals are favourably known among sheep refiners.

The Rev. Mr. Connolly's mission has as yet short a few thousand dollars for his new church on Mrs. Mulledy's estancia. The charitable patroness is dead, but it is hoped her nuggety hours and countrymen will complete the pious work.

Yesterday's *Nacion* makes a great rout about the dismissal of Colonel Machado, adding the antithesis "De Acosta (called by the Pueblo the Mazorquero) has degraded the heroism of 1-0 fights." Indeed we believe D. Acosta degrades anybody with whom he has any relation.

We are published in the "Uruguay," of the 29th ult, some seven columns, in relation to the great land claim of Henry S. Tatumon, against the Government of Entre Rios. All the facts of this important case will be made public in the course of a few days.

ho murders and robberies now so frequent in the suburbs should make our watchmen doubly careful, and instead of relying on the humbug called police, they must never be without a gog! Colt or Deane and Adams revolver. There is a Spanish proverb "When you see your neighbour shaved, you may prepare to wet your own chin."

We are glad to learn that private advices from San Juan are very settle fa tory, and Major Rickard has discovered some new and valuable lodes. It is likely the late difficulties have been arranged.

The Governor of Cordoba is said to rarely sanction the Mazorca system, and this is dangerous, and hence we always advised the propriety of abolishing the so very rulers, who only tend to diminish the respect for the head of the Republic. We have Ferreyras in every province, either as Governors or fellow subjects, and they swim with equal ease.

Among new publications we hear of a Medical Review to be edited by Dr. Angel Gallardo, and a midwifery student named Pedro Mello.

The Corrientes a.s. formerly plying to Bahia Blanca is now on the Mendoza service; she left last night.

The sickness in the city continues unabated, and a medical friend assures us that the mortality in the market is poison. The bread retailed is little better, and the milk shocking.

H. B. M. gunboat "Potocell" is under repair at the Riachuelo, and the officers and crew suffer terribly from mosquitoes.

We regret being obliged to take farewell of our readers until Wednesday morning, but if the Liverpool steamer Una comes in meantime with later dates we will publish a supplement.

THE ROSARIO MAILS

The "Ferro Carril," 1st inst, brings no news of the provinces. Don Marcelino Freyre has been named Chief of Police of Rosario, in room of Sr. Alvarado, resigned. The former was installed on the 20th ult., and is spoken of as a model of every civic virtue. The elections for Deputies to Congress are to take place on the 1st of May. Sr. Candido Lopez has got the Government fora gas concession in favour of a London Company. There is also much satisfaction at the prospects of the Cordoba new Banks, Agric. Exhibition, and Traction Engines, which will make Rosario the second city of the Republic.

The garrison of Melincué is thus described by a correspondent:—

At 2 o'clock in the morning of the 23rd of March, I was quietly retiring towards the fort, having given up the chase of the Indians; the regiment was in regular marching order, and we pushed on at a smart pace, when all I heard some shots fired at the head of the column, where Colonel Pedro was leading, about a mile ahead of me, for I was behind, in command of the division. Then suddenly the front ranks broke in disorder, and I fancied it was a sudden attack of the Indians; meanwhile, as I heard the most awful yelling, Riding up to the Colonel, a volley of musquetry was fired at us but we luckily escaped with a few scratches. My regiment looked on as passive spectators, but I at once collected a few officers and almost forcibly took the men away into obedience. Then the ring-leader engaged in a hand-to-hand fight with Colonel Pedro, firing at him and wounding his horse at the same time in the left shoulder, and with two shots hit the mutineer in the right hand and shoulder, and some soldiers finished him with the sword. The other mutineers made set spurs to their horses and fled, but I have no doubt that of those who remained some will be executed in the conspiracy to murder Prado and all the officers.

Our safety by in our firmness, for if we had fled at the first alarm, they would have pursued and butchered as singly. Those who swerved were overawed by the steady front of the line, and who, as he was mounted on a fine horse, might have hoped to out-distance the mutineers, fell dead on the ground in the midst of the infernal scene. Only two ensigns ran away, hiding themselves in a thicket from which they came out next day, when they knew the revolt was quelled. They must, however, be expelled, for cowardice.

At 3 a.m. the Indians had also had fled to the desert, we again formed into line, and shouting, 'Viva el Gobierno' marched up to the fort where the rest of our force was left in prison, and in a terrible state of alarm, having been told that Prado and I were assassinated. The cause of mutiny was the most terrible that could be imagined, and we have to thank Divine Providence for our miraculous escape. Since then, 17 of the fugitive mutineers have been captured.

General Gelly writes to Governor Lopez, announcing that he has had a rencontre with the Indians: 125 National Guards are quartered at the estancia Policiton. The Indians del Sauce were expected to make a descent, and General Gelly has sent 12 rifled carbines to the authorities of Santa Fe. A subscription, amounting to $1000 has been got up by Dn. Tomas Penaloza, to form a colony at Guardia Espalos.

STAND AND DELIVER!

This city is at present a defenceless prey to one or more gangs of daring highwaymen, who have committed some 50 murders & robberies within the last ten days. The plague rages, like yellow fever, every day adding fresh victims: Yet such is the infatuation of our authorities and journalists that at least attention is paid to such a state of things.

The only method of stopping the evil is to erect *five gibbets* on the following roads: Palermo, Cinco Esquinas, Flores, Calle Arenas, and Lomas de Zamorra. By hanging two malefactors weekly either from the Carcel or Policia, we may strike terror into the murderous foot-pads.

A poor foreigner who was in the habit of trafficking in fowl and eggs, among the quintas beyond Flores de los Sauces, was missed last week, and at length his corpse turned up near the Riachuelo, exhibiting terrible wounds; his pockets had been rifled of the few dollars he possessed Four quintas in the neighbourhood have been entered by highwaymen, and the owners complained to the Commissary, his reply was characteristic, "Gentlemen, the same happens daily in all the quintas from 8 to noon and the grumbling." A hay vendor was attacked by three ruffians but he killed one of them and the fact is that the others trying to get up behind met with so courageous a resistance that they retired: the robber's corpse was brought to the Recoleta. A cattle-driver, well-known in the South Market was stopped near the Killing-ground, and his lucky escape with his life, being badly wounded, and losing all the money on his person. Two farmers coming from the camp were robbed near the Once Slaughter-house, as we believe in this case the ruffians were apprehended.

The *N. Argentin* mentions the estancieros having complained to the Police, and states that the Southern outlets are unsafe in broad daylight. Also that an Italian shopkeeper was robbed, wounded and left naked, on the night of the 30th ult. Another person was stopped and robbed close to the Riachuelo. Two more murders are reported from the Calle Suipacha, but, the *Nacion* adds, he escaped with his purse and life, owing to a fleet pair of legs The official paper blames Gen. Paunero for giving his men leave of absence Brigands have broken into Sr. Estrada's and other estancias, and the *Nacion*, which makes people fearful of present to the barracks, after nightfall.

This gives a total of 85 murders and robberies, exhibiting a state of affairs most fat driving to a Californian state of affairs, it is not the fault of the authorities, as the general elections so occupy the Chief of Police and other authorities that 'Stand and Deliver' is now as common a salutation as 'lend us a dollar' in Dublin. We are rather complaining of the lawless state of camp and town, and will in future give only a weekly summary of the outrages, which are of such a nature as to frighten themselves on the condition of this South American Athens, or Land of Promise of Mexico.

RIVER PLATE MAGAZINE.

This month's number has fairly surpassed our most sanguine expectations, and is a perfect library of valuable matter of subject, and general get up would be no disgrace to similar undertakings in the old world.

The first article, "Inauguration of the Great Southern Railw y" is a succinct but eloquent introduction to the following one "Sug r." Both are worthy the pen of a Macaulay or Prescott. The song is wondrous pleasing, and in its measure there is a kind of gentle rippling flow, like a giant, whom to rule was dangerous, but now finished a hearty meal off some small tender chil the dancer, let ye be unconfined." Such is the metaphorical handling of the paper. It is an interesting article on the general barbarous customs of South America. It would be an interesting study for a philosophical mind to trace particular custom is scattered far and wide over the globe, and how it is to be accounted for that people who have no intercourse with one another, as far back as the memo y of man goes—and such research would show that no religion or custom is of divine origin of the custom. The 'Veloria,' which is the subject of this article, is but the 'Saturnalia' of the Romans, the 'Lupercalia,' and the 'angelito' of the Bolivian and Peruvian indian. Again the similarity which exists between the steps of the dance and words of the song of the 'bolario' and the 'corroberry' dance of New Zealand, and the 'amuacaca' of South Africa, is very striking.

"How I went treasure-seeking,' is a short account of how a 'vagabund and lshmaelite' got drenched by *spirits* and water, and to those who are tinged with spiritualism, and lovers of the marvelous, we recommend the article. From the 'vagabund's' showing a city mentioned by the Great Wizard as possessing gates of silver, we presume the event to have taken place in Lima, for the only time Sir Walter mentions Peru is in Rokeby.

Chiefs have I seen the strength list strain,
Till the knee bent and the back bone bow'd,
And neck and head obeyed the hand that held the rein.

"Life in the River Plate" is a series of remarks on the brighter side of life in the Uruguay Republic, extracted from a most exaggerated pamphlet distributed in England by the Montevidean Government.

"The Blackman,' is a continuation of an article which appeared last month from the pen of Professor Burmeister. To the friends of our black brethren, it must be very gratifying to read this a tale, but the learned Professor unwittingly strengthens the argument of his opponents. He admits the analogy of conformation between the ape and the negro, although he goes further than the *physical* conformation, and say that, like the ape, the negro neither invents, constructs nothing, nor learns the distinguishing traits of the human race. It may be said the negro does laugh: in a similar way does a jackass, or hyena. The Professor praises the negro for his politeness, and says that Snowball never speaks to his brother negro without addressing him as 'sir.' Is the Professor unaware of the fact, that no term is so common amongst negroes as "you dirty black nigger?" It is strange how all the most bad intercourse with negroes agree in condemning Aunt Harriet Stowe's collection of 'crammers,' and the Professor is no exception to the rule.

Several new facts will be elucidated from this article; amongst others, that the word 'mulato' is derived from the word 'mula.' Till now, we candidly confess that we were labouring under the delusion that it was derived from the coptic word 'mold' (bastard): but let the etymology of the word be what it may, the mulatto seems to make a most agreeable companion and helpmate.

The 'Taravi of the martyr post' is a short, able, and pleasing description of the Paraguayan 'consuetudo' related by one of Peru's brightest luminaries, Melgar. This is an article, particularly suited to the softer sex, and shows a small amount of acquaintance with the 'poets of the passion.' Article No. 7 is a continuation of the History of the Egyptian Expedition to Syria, a number brings the history down to 1836, and the death of Ganay.

How to encourage Emigration.' The author, after praising the laudable efforts of the present Government, to advance the country by railways and other acts of peace, proposes, as a mode of encouraging emigration, that the consular agents abroad be empowered to give all publicity to the advantages proposed to emigrants. We would humbly suggest that the consular agents abroad also have published, in their offices, as an extract from the Statute intended existing, a list of all the monthly murders which go unpunished. The writer draws a truly faithful contrast between the position of emigrants in the country, and that of those in Australia and other places. President Mitre, on a late occasion, expressed the desire to see the land grants coming to this country; he may rest assured, that so long as no stronger inducements are held out than at present, he will not get a single family number to sell their lives literally for 'a mess of pottage.'

The general improvement having the 'index of contents' printed outside of the cover of the magazine, after the manner of periodicals at home; and the paper of a better quality, that the magazine goes on as it does this month it will be a boon to the Anglo Saxon race in society. The editors should guard against the dangerous tendency on heavy subjects, and give as many light articles on different subjects as is in their power. We are glad to find that there to reproduce in his pages the 'In Memoriam,' and 'W. M. Thackeray,' which appeared in the January number of 'Cornhill.'

Many here are unable to get the original of these two articles, and it is to be regretted on a local account that the rising Anglo Portuño generation will see what a loss the guild of literature has sustained.

MONTEVIDEAN BEEF

To the Editors of the 'Standard.'

Gentlemen,

It is generally without that my country-men are possessed of certain life digestions—vide Parish, Brigadier Melnroy, 42nd Foot, who dined for a whole month off tripe, manufactured from a pair of buckskin dun't-mention't thews, buttons and all. But, from a paragraph in your to-day's 'editor's table,' about beef being introduced into my native city from this country, I feel sorely afraid that my countrymen will soon become every bit as dyspeptic as our Transatlantic cousins. The late Duke of Buckingham proposed, as a cheap and wholesome food, a good couch of curry powder to five gallons of hot water. And judging of the specimens of the Montevidean beef that I saw in Glasgow, one might, as far as nourishment is concerned, take the Buckingham soup. The beef appeared to me to be composed of sundel wood shavings, dipped in creasote; but some knight errant (I suppose, I dare not say in pay of the importers) analysed it and found—

Aqua	92
Carbon	6
Ammonia	2
	—99

The odd part being some ingredient they had never met with before—perhaps some of Flores' troops.

Lately I examined a first-rate imitation of Montevideo beef, and found (excuse the untechnical, terms)—

Carbon	11
Ammonia	2
Bostock	86
Trash poison	6
	—100

The only way I can account for such a large presence of aqua in the first lot is, that perhaps the boots from which it was manufactured, had been lying in the camp during a heavy rain.

Port wine, after oysters, is generally supposed to cause indigestion, but I wonder what effect the Montevidean beef will have on the internal economy of the fellow-townsmen of

MOLENDINAR.

The Confederate Cruisers.

Intelligence arrived on the 14th Feb. from the Cape of Good Hope that the Confederate cruiser, Tuscaloosa, had been seized at St. Simon's Bay by her Majesty's ship Narcissus, under orders from the Governor, acting in accordance with instructions from the Home Government. Since her last visit at the Cape, the Tuscaloosa had been cruising between that place and Brazil She had spoken above a hundred vessels, only one of which, however, proved to be a Federal' vic, the Living Age; but as she had an English cargo on board, she was released on a bond being given. Finding her coals low, the Tuscaloosa put into a Brazilian port for water and supplies, but was refused both, and in consequence the crew are said to have been placed on short allowance. The lieutenant lowe the commander had lodged a formal protest against seizure with the Admiral Sir Baldwin Walker, which will of course be transmitted to London. The United States Consul, Mr. Graham, had also advanced a claim to the value of the vessel, on behalf of owners, and had then informed that she would detained until she could be handled over to them. The *Cape Argus* of 15th of Jan. says:—"The point which the authorities at home differ in opinion from Mr. Denyssen, who was the attorney-general, and as such, legal adviser of the Government when the Tuscaloosa formerly visited the Cape, is as to the competency of Captain Semmes to condemn prizes without taking them to a regularly-constituted prize-court Such court Captain Semmes claims to constitute on board of his Admiralty in the case of mercy from his Government, and the question at issue is, whether that court, or presided over by a court whose sessions aggrieved persons might have access to, and other Governments to acknowledge and accept. In our view, the very idea of a court to condemn the persons whose property is to be disposed of shall have the right of being present and the power of advocating their cause. With these views it cannot be denied that the court held by Captain Semmes on board the Alabama complies. And in the latter respect it is not such a court as the other Powers of the world have established. It may be said that the circumstances of the Confederate States are exceptional, and that the good being blockaded by a superior naval power, it would be impossible for Captain Semmes to send his prizes for condemnation to a court of the enemy for trial. But that, we take it, is an accident all the unpleasant consequences of which the Confederates must submit to rand if Captain Semmes' court be not such a court as independent Powers are bound to acknowledge and respect, the condemnation is manifestly illegal, and that point the whole case turns. If the condemnation was illegal, the conversion of the Conrad into a armed cruiser and her commission as such was equally so, and she cannot claim indemnity from seizure as a man-of-war. If, on other grounds, it is held that the condemnation was sufficient, then is the Tuscaloosa entitled to all the privileges and rights of a war, one of which is freedom from arrest."—*Brazil and River Plate Mail.*

REVISTA DE LEGISLACION.

We have received the 2nd No. of this highly interesting publication, edited by Drs Monguillot and Tristony; we will review it in our next. It forms a volume of 160 pages, price $30.

HAITIAN NEWS.

The Uruguay left Montevideo on Friday evening, for Liverpool. The George Durbee arrived at Montevideo on Thursday, to Zimmerman Paiva, from New York, with pine and kerosene. The Magdalena will bring the March mails from Southampton: the Extremadura from Bordeaux. The Navarre, arrived at Rio, 20th ult, met the Oneida on the 29th, near the rock of Lobos, the ocean on which 8th at St. Thomas, and the Parana between Pernambuco and Bahia;

DARING ROBBERY

MR. COFFIN'S ESTABLISHMENT PLUNDERED

On Friday night, the premises of Messrs. T. B. Coffin and Son were broken into by a gang of burglars, who succeeded in forcing open the iron safe, and taking away a large quantity of money. It is not known what goods may have been taken, as the whole place was found in great confusion, and the safe broken. Of course, the police and arrests know nothing about the matter, although it must have been done openly.

On Tuesday night, some thieves effected an entrance into Sr. Carrera's house, and carried off 20 fine fowl. Mr. Reare informs us that one of his neighbours was similarly victimised last week.

For further particulars we refer our readers to the article 'Stand and Deliver,' in another column.—Vol. the *N. Argentino* says that the sleeping old individual styled Chief of Police is a model magistrate: this is because he is not awake, but we judge a man by the fulfilment of his duty, not by party color.

LOCAL EVENTS.

Apology.—Sticking to our character for 'justice' in the broadest sense of the term, we humbly offer our apology to the vigilantes of this city. We have frequently said that they did nothing, and that they did well, but to-day we are happy to see by the 'Pueblo' that between the 8th and 9th March last they collected in fines 4630 dos. Verily, what between police fines and the increased costs of land, we are getting on like a house on fire, and in the exultation of our hearts feel inclined to follow 'How we apples swim.'

Good news for our camp subscribers —For the benefit of our friends in the camp who may not see our paper on native colleagues' pap.rs, we beg to state—That in the month of April, current, a mail steamer from England may be expected to arrive—and that the 1st of April next year will fall upon a Friday; and lastly—That the crudos won in San Antonio, and the cochilos lost in San Blas. If the foregoing be not startling news, we refer our readers to the native papers themselves, and if they find any more rash intelligence that is more than we can, and they've welcome to keep it to themselves.

Robbers.—The 'Pueblo' states that six highwaymen have been captured: we doubt it, but even so Mr Cazon must seize 894 more, before life and property be secure.

Lucia de Lammermoor.—This opera will be given to night and Norma to-morrow night.

D. Nicolas Calco.—The 'Pueblo' states this eminent writer has become one of the 'Tribuna' editors: this is false, for our bellicose friend is after all a *gentleman*.

LETTERS

The following letters are lying at the 'Standard' office—

Mr. Daniel O'Connell, Fortin de Areco; Mr. Edward Robbins.

ON 'CHANGE.

April 2.

Patacones sold	140 424
Opening prices	$29 20
Following	29 25 29 20
Saturday 9th April	29 30
Various dates	29 25 29 35
Closing price	29 20

PRODUCE SALES

1600 cwhides salted, saladero, at 40 rls. weight, 60lb	
600 do at 42 rls, weight, 64lb	
40 pipes tallow, at 14 3/4 rls do	
40 do nutrex' grease, from rivers at 50 dobs. with cred.	
6000 cowhides, mixed	8132
200 do do	125
200 do do	128
200 do do	130
200 do do matadero	142
200 do do mixed	150
164 do do	110
884 ar wool, merino, reg	78
300 do do do mixed	70
200 do do do	65
300 do do horega	64
250 do do do	60
1000 do do mixed ordinary	55
50 hair, South	122
80 lb feathers, loose	55
50 doz sheepskins	165
70 do do	60

FREIGHTS,

Messrs. E. A. Green and Co. have placed on the berth for Antwerp the following vessels:

Italian barque	Don Chicelori.	
" "	Semetro	
" "	Destino.	
Belgian "	Helvetia.	

Those vessels receive cargoes at the following prices.

Tallow	20s. and 5 p$.	
Salted hides	5s. "	"
" ides	20s. "	"
Dry hides	40s. "	"

—*Pueblo*

Vessels Cleared Int.

West Indies, Spanish brig Julio, with 4308 qq. jerked beef, 40 dry cowhides.

Manager.

Wanted one for the House-work of an Irish Estancia: good wages given. Apply at Moore's store, Fortin de Areco. n 3, 3 p

Custom-House.

A private Custom-House Broker and Sworn Agent, is now in the Calle Balcarce, near the old Custom-House.

Apply at the Calle Piedad, 108. 3p. A3

Commercial Notice

The undersigned beg to give notice, that Mr. George W. Tidbolm has, from January 1st, 1864, been admitted a partner in their house of business in this city.

Buenos Ayres, April 2, 1864.

J. H. PAUL, POTT, and CO.

6p. A3

Book-keeper or Correspondent

A young Man (English), who is most anxious for employment, seeks a situation in an English mercantile house as Book-keeper or Correspondent.

Reference to be made to the Messrs. Mackern, 24, Calle San Martin.

6p. A3

Wanted

A good general servant, for a small family. Must speak a little Spanish, and understand cooking.

Apply at 78, Calle Piedad, or 20, Calle Uruguay.

3p. A3

To Estancieros

In the well-known establishment of Santa Catalina, in the Partido of Lomas de Zamora, there are for sale sheep of pure breed, and also mestizas of superior quality, of the Rambouillet Inspanish, and Negretics, from the best German breeders.

The superior quality and condition, as of last year, will be guaranteed, and they will be sold at the same price. Samples of the wool can be seen at the Bolsa.

For terms, apply at Calle Bolivar, No. 36, San Martin, 120 or at the Estancia itself.

Op. A3

Cuting's Smarkling Effervescent Citrate of Magnesia,

An agreeable cooling Saline Draught, Antacid and mild Aperient, preferable to any other Saline as a Febrifuge.

When the body is in a heated or feverish condition this preparation will be found most grateful, as it tends to produce a slight moisture on the skin, and generally cool the system.

Dire tions.

Place in a dry tumbler a measureful of the powder, add two thirds cold spring water, stir briskly, and drink during effervescence. As an Aperient, the draught should be repeated within half an hour, and the effect is more certain if taken before breakfast.

Prepared in capsuled bottles in cases by GEO. CUTING & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

16 Cullum-street, London,

and

L. J. ISAAC,

Sole Agent,

No. 12 Calle Maypu.

a 2, 12 p

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS

PHARMACEUTICAL, PHOTOGRAPHIC PREPARATIONS, MACHINES, &c. &c.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF DRUG.

GIBBS' SYNODUS.

BURGOYNE AND BURRIDGES,

Export Druggists,

16 *Cullum-street, London.*

Publish Monthly a Price Current of upwards of Two Thousand Drugs, Chemicals, Pharmaceutical and Photographic Preparations.

They also issue, free of charge, a book containing the names of every genuine proprietor secret (reputed), with the whole-sale and retail price affixed. Consumers should write (stating name of or names and addresses), that it is Monthly Price Current among the latest fluctuations in the markets, to regularly forward to them.

LEITCHFORD'S WAX & STAR.

R. Leitchford & Co. h.s themselves responsible for the quality of their Wax Vestas and they recently built an extensive factory especially adapted to this peculiar branch of industry and have now per steam on all the details which render their Vestas the b t in the market. Consumers, therefore when ordering Wax Matches should ask particularly for requesting Leitchford's wax," as others are often substituted.

3 Queen Anne Buildings, Queen, London.

DAY AND MARTIN'S Real Japan Blacking

97, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON,

For altering to a uniform and Durability to the Leather it stands Unrivalled.

SOLD BY ALL THE FIRST-CLASS HOUSES IN THE COLONY.

In Bottles at 8d., 1s., and 2s. 6d. each.

D. & M. take the opportunity of cautioning purchasers against Spurious Imitations of their Manufacture and Labels.

Orders through Mercantile Houses.

LEA & PERRINS,

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS

to be the

ONLY GOOD SAUCE

and applicable to

EVERY VARIETY

of

DISH

SEASONABLE NOTICE.

Extract of a LETTER from a RESIDENT GENTLEMAN at MADRAS to his Brother WORCESTERSHIRE

"You LEA & PERRINS' Sauce is the ONLY GOOD SAUCE in India or any other Hot Climate, and in my opinion, the BEST SAUCE in the World that I have ever met with."

EXTENSIVE FRAUDS.

LEA & PERRINS deem it their duty to caution the public against the fraudulent imitations of their WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, the labels of which closely resemble their own in the general appearance, and they have therefore adopted a new mark for the purpose of protecting the public from fraud, and themselves from the base and spurious imitations now in circulation, and will regard the transfer of the new mark, or any imitation thereof, as a violation of their rights.

LEA & PERRINS' Signature is on every bottle and label of their genuine Sauce, without which none is genuine.

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Lea and Perrins, Worcester; Messrs. Crosse and Blackwell, Soho Square, London; and Messrs. Barclay and Sons, Farringdon Street, London.

MURDER, MURDER!

20,000 Dollars Reward.

The above sum will be paid either for the arrest of the murderer of William Nannery, late of the Partido of Navarro, or for information which may lead thereto. Said reward will be paid by me when the assassin shall be convicted and condemned to death.

NAVARRO, March 9th, 1864.

LAURENCE CASEY,

Estancia Durazno.

The largest

and

best assorted stock

of Groceries,

Drapery and

Ironmongery

will be found at

The Hibernian House,

64, 66 & 68 CALLE PIEDAD

To Let,

Two Furnished Rooms, in an English Family, distant two squares from the Plaza.

Please apply at 1-0 Calle Defensa. n 1, 3 p

COLON THEATRE.

ITALIAN OPERA

Third performance of the new Company.

On Sunday, April 3rd, 1864.

LUCIA DE LAMMERMOOR

Fourth performance of the new Company.

On Monday, April 4th, 1864.

NORMA

At Half-past Eight o'Clock.

General Commission Agency,

For the Town and Country,

818 Parque Street.

This Agency is prepared to offer its services to the Public in all the judicial and extrajudicial branches that may be committed to its charge, without any exception, to the effect of offering the best guarantees of its proceedings and activity in all the affairs under its charge.

The persons who favour it with their protection may be sure to be satisfied with its services if there is no forcible motive to hinder it.

March 30th. a 1, 3 p.

Just Received,

Henry Woollen Plaids

Striped Linseys

Heavy French Cashmeres

9, 10, 11, and 12 quarter Blankets.

White and coloured Quilts, Linen Ticknes, Sheetings,

&c. &c.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE,

64, 66 and 68 Piedad.

m 31 6 p

Just Received Direct.

Jameson's celebrated Irish Whiskey,

5 years old,

Bottled off Sherry Casks.

T. FALLON,

Hibernian House,

64, 66 and 68 Piedad.

m 31, 6 p

Alfalfa Seed,

Best quality, at $60 per arroba.

Calle de la Defensa, No. 114.

m 8, 3 p

Ranges, Stoves, Portable Farm Boilers,

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work Grates, Chimney Pieces, &c.

WATSON, GOW, & CO,

EXPT. FOUNDRY.

LILYBANK ROAD, GLASGOW

Sole Manufacturers of Watson's Patent Close and Open Fire Kitchen Ranges, American Cooking and Heating Stoves, American Portable Farm Boilers, Steam Cooking Apparatus, Gill Air-Warmers, Hot Air and Gas Stoves, Register Grates,

Ornamental Iron Chimney Pieces

Stable Fittings, Hot Water, Plain Water, and other Pipes, Pumps, Boilers, Pots, Dutch and Camp Ovens, Cast and Dray Bushes, Gates, Railings, and every description of Plain and Ornamental Castings, and Iron Works, suitable for Merchants, Ironmongers, Plumbers, &c. either in the Colonial or Foreign Markets.

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

Gold and Steel Clock Maker, by Special Appointment, to His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales.

Opinions of the London Press upon Benson's Great Clock and Watches in the Exhibition, 1862.

"As a sample of English workmanship, Benson's Clock is worthy of all praise."—Times, March 31.

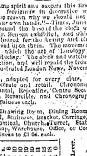
"As a specimen of English skill as exemplified in the finer portions of machinery, we have seldom seen anything more perfect."—Standard, June 17.

"Benson's Clock is one of the most perfect productions of the kind that we have seen."—Morning Post, June 27.

"Benson's Clock is a splendid piece of workmanship, and is the finest thing in the Exhibition."—Illustrated London News, November 8, 1862.

WATCHES, adapted for every clime, climate and country, Watches and Clocks for Churches, Public Halls, Railway Stations, Mansions, Counting Houses, Steeples, Turrets, Towers, Observatories, Ships, Yachts, &c. &c. Illustrated Price Lists sent free by post on application.

CLOCKS, Drawing Room, Dining Room, and Bracket, Gilt and Or-molu, Marble, Bronze, Ormolu, Ivory, Buhl, Inlaid, and Tortoiseshell, Chamber, Marine, Skeleton, Astronomical, Church, Turret, Watchmen's, Office, or Counting-House, from 1,000 guineas to £5 5s. each.



BENSON'S ILLUSTRATED WATCH PAMPHLET,

Which can be obtained at the office of all its parts, or by forwarding a stamp to the Old Bond Street address, contains 1 Watchmaking, with new designs and prices of every description of Watches, Chronometers, Chronometer Balances, Detents, Levers, Keyless, Repeaters, Centre Seconds, Horizontals, Verticals, Pocket Chronometers, Chronographs, Timepieces, Centre Seconds

STEAMBOAT AGENCY
AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS
WM. M. TTI and CO.
30 CANGALLO 30

FOR PAYSANDU
Calling at Nueva Palmira, Fray Bentos and Concepcion, the National Steamer
SALTO
Captain F. Fidanza,
Leaves every Tuesday and Saturday at 10 a.m., and returns every Monday and Friday.

FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO,
The National Steamer
CONCORDIA.
Leaves Paysandu every Thursday and Sunday after the arrival of the Salto, being in combination with this Steamer.

FOR ROSARIO
Calling at Zarate, Baradero, San Pedro, Obligado, Las Hermanas, and San Nicolas. Voyage by the Parana de las Palmas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer
PAVON,
Captain Price.
Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUALEGUAY,
The National Steamer
LIBERTAS,
Leaves the "Boca de las Nueva Vuelta" every Friday after the arrival of the Pavon, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA,
Santa Fe, and intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer
ESPIGADOR,
Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after arrival of the Pavon and returns every Tuesday in time to land over Passengers' luggage to the Pavon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES
Calling at Parana, La Paz, Gualiguaychu de la Esquina, Concha de Goya, Bella Vista, and Empedrado, the British Steamer
ESMERALDA,
Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavon, on Tuesday, March 29, and returns on Friday April 8th.

FARES:

To Zarate (cabin)	8	patacones
San Pedro do	8	,,
Obligado do	10	,,
San Nicolas do	12	,,
Gualeguay do	10	,,
Rosario do	16	,,
San Lorenzo do	18	,,
Diamante do	20	,,
Santa Fé do	24	,,
Parana do		
La Paz do	32	,,
La Esquina do	36	,,
Goya do	40	,,
Bella Vista do	44	,,
Empedrado do	48	,,
Corrientes do	52	,,
Nuevo Palmira do	6	,,
Fray Bentos	11	,,
Concepcion	13	,,
Paysandu	17	,,

Deck Half-price.

FREIGHTS:

To Montevideo, per ton	4	dollars
Rosario	6	,,
San Nicolas	6	,,
Parana		,,
La Paz	10	,,
Bella Vista		,,
La Esquina		,,
Goya		,,
Corrientes	12	,,
The Uruguay Ports	10	,,

FOR CUYABA,
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Parana, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer
MARQUES DE OLINDA
Captain Thipolito de S. Belcrount,
Leaves on the 4th May.

FARES:

San Nicolas	16 pats.
Rosario	20
Parana	28
Corrientes	60
Asuncion	80
Corumba	160

No passagers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

MONEY ORDERS.
Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 52 branches of the
NATIONAL BANK.
Drafts are also granted on
Messrs. Prescott, Grote & Co, Bankers
LONDON.
And on *J. Barned & Co, Banker*
LIVERPOOL.
Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 66 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa.
THOMAS B' HALL

DRAFTS AT SIGHT
ON THE UNION BANK
OF
IRELAND.
ISSUED BY THE
LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.
Calle de la Piedad No. 90.

A LOS
ESTANCIEROS.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro y Madera para Ovejas.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para Caballos.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para hacienda Vacuna.
Bebederos de Hierro para Ovejas y Hacienda Vacuna, desde 60$ vara.
Mojones de Hierro de todo precio.
Cercos de Hierro para Rodeos, Chacras, Potreros, Corrales &c.

Piletas de Hierro.
Nuevas Máquinas de esquilar Alambre.
Máquinas de cortar Abrojos y Cardos.
Mangas de acero Agua.

Se venden en la Fábrica de
VAN DE VELDE Hermanos,
Buen Orden 245, entre Chile y Méjico.

MENSAGERIAS Y CORREOS NACIONALES INICIADORES.
127—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—127.

All the necessary arrangements having been made, the Empresa has opened an office in this city for the purpose of facilitating operations for the Commercial Community and the public in general.

In the office will be given tickets for passengers and parcels to any part of the Republic, and there, passengers for Chile can take through tickets for Valparaiso and Santiago.

The Diligences start from Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan and Chile, every Tuesday.

From Rosario to Cordoba every Tuesday and Friday.

From Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Friday

For further particulars apply at the office of the Empresa. m27

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
ALEX. FULTON & CO,
25 AND 27 DE FENSA 25 AND 27

SAVINGS BANK
BANK MAUA & C°
No. 103 calle de Cangallo. —

BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of *Accounts Current* are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the Cisplatine Empire—the Banks of the River Plate—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the Bank in which they place the most confidence

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city, a safe & profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, working-men & servants of all classes & conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings at interest, thus providing themselves with *a reserve fund* in case of *need, sickness or old age*, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other frivolities

The Bank of Mauá and Co. of this city following the example of their firm in Montevideo now offer the same facilities in this city and will open on the 1st October a "Savings Bank" at No 103 calle Cangallo from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. on week days, and on Sundays and holidays from 10 a. m. to 12 m. for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a Pass Book in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at *any time* to withdraw the *whole or part* of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. is sufficiently known to the public by the benefits derived from the course of its operations which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles and at all days directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres September 1865.

p. p. Mauá & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

CONDITIONS.

1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from *Twenty five dollars currency* or *one silver dollar* upwards.

2nd. The interest allowed is *six per cent* [6 p%] per annum which is liquidated every six months

3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the *whole or part* of the money deposited.

4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds *Twenty five thousand dollars currency* or *one thousand dollars silver* the depositor if he wishes can open an *account current* according to the rules established by the Bank.

5th. In case the depositor loses his Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying *twelve dollars currency*, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.
ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61—CORRIENTES—61.

It is respectfully announced that during the next and following months there will be exhibited at this Establishment a vast and magnificent display of AUTUMN and WINTER GOODS, of the most choice, varied, and fashionable description, selected from the London and Paris markets, to which the attention of Ladies is solicited.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61 CORRIENTES 61

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.
LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

Capital Subscribed in first Three Months, 170,667 pats. in 215 Shares.

DIRECTORS.
D. Miguel Accounaga, President
" Bornabé Ocampo, Vice-President
" Antonio Marcó del Pont
" Jacobo Paravicini
" Constant Santamaria

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Estanislao Peña
" J. A. Fernandez
" L. B. Wilcke
" Mariano Billinghurst
" Ladislao F. Martinez

OFFICIALS.
D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager
" Eusoquio Riesra, Sub Manager
D. Juan Canedo, Secretary.

Offices—87 calle SAN MARTIN.

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:

1st. On one's own life, in shares of $5 silver and upwards These subscriptions liquidated at any time at the subscriber's time and option.

2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and after proportional interest forfeited by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however, is returned.

3rd. With loss of capital, by death of the insurer All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.

All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Company shall be invested only in lauded property (fincas), and with the greatest security.

The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.

Subscriptions in Paper Money.

The Directors, wishing to enlarge the operations of the Society, have acceded to the request of many people in the city, and determined to receive shares payable in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, under the following conditions :—

Article 65—From the 1st of April, 1864, shares shall be issued to such persons as may wish to pay in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, and in accordance with Article 17 chapter 3 of the Statutes of the Society the lowest sum receivable being $200 annually, payable in one sum, or in instalments, subject to the following rules:

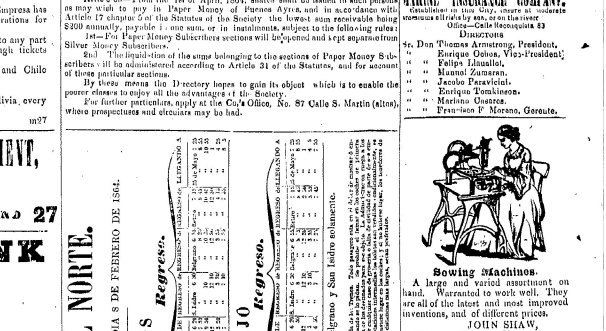
1st—For Paper Money Subscribers sections will be opened and kept separate from Silver Money Subscribers.

2nd—The liquidation of the same belonging to the section of Paper Money Subscribers will be administered according to Article 31 of the Statutes, and for account of those particular sections.

By these means the Directory hopes to gain its object which is to enable the poorer classes to enjoy all the advantages of the Society.

For further particulars, apply at the Co's Office, No. 87 Calle S. Martin (altos), where prospectuses and circulars may be had.

FERRO-CARRIL DEL NORTE.
APERTURA DE LA ESTACION SAN FERNANDO EL DIA 8 DE FEBRERO DE 1864.



Mensagerias y Correos Nacionales Iniciadores.

127—Calle 25 de Mayo—127.

All the necessary arrangements having been made, the Empresa has opened an office in this city for the purpose of facilitating operations for the commercial community and the public in general.

In the office will be given tickets for passengers and parcels to any part of the Republic, and there, passengers for Chile can take through tickets for Valparaiso and Santiago.

The Diligences start from Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan and Chile, every Tuesday.

From Rosario to Cordoba every Tuesday and Friday.

From Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Friday

For further particulars apply at the office of the Empresa. m3 1m.

English Painter and Paper Hanger.

Parties having such work to be done will please apply to the undersigned.

If not at home, they are requested to leave their address on a slate hanging up near the door, when such orders will be immediately attended to.

ROBERT HANSSON,
No. 370 Calle Piedad.
m22, 1 p

For Cañuelas, Monte, and Las Flores.

Mensagerias Nuevas de la Portena.

Correo del Estado.

Office—Rivadavia 411 and 413.

The Empresa, with all attention to the punctuality and good condition of those coaches, has determined to start this line on the 2nd of March next, the time of starting being—

From Buenos Ayres for Las Flores 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month.

From Flores for Buenos Ayres, 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month.

Luggage and encomiendas are received up till 4 p.m. of the day previous to starting.

This month there will be three trips made.

From Buenos Ayres 22, 25, 28
" Flores 22, 25, 28

MIGUEL M. SUPO.

Buenos Ayres, 18th Feb. 1864.

Notice.

All Persons indebted to the late firm of Richard Hastings and Co. are hereby requested to call and pay same with the least possible delay.

RICHARD HASTINGS,
Defenses, 78.
m 28, 1 m

Prize Medal.

PARSONS, FLETCHER, and Co PRINTING INK MAKERS.

22, Broad-street, London.

Messrs. *Parsons, Fletcher and Co.* have always been devoted for many years their best energies to the further improvement of their first class *Inks*; and from the testimonies of the most eminent English Wood Engravers to the brilliancy of their Best Ink, as well as from the satisfaction in which their Inks in general are held, both by the leading Printers of this country and of the Continent, *Parsons, Fletcher and Co* flatter themselves that for Depth of Colour, Clearness o Impression, and Ease in Working, their Ink is now stand unrivalled.

The *Art Journal* for July, 1862 says; The Ink used for printing this Journal expressly Manufactured by Messrs. *Parsons Fletcher and Co.* and combines the essential qualities of depth of colour and clearness of impression . . . which have long been unrivalled by any brought forward abroad as well as at home."

General list of Prices.

Job Ink, for Machine or Pasas 1s., 1s.3d. and 1s. 6d. per lb

News Ink 1s., 1s. 3d., and 1s. 6d. do do.

Bookwork Ink 1s. 6d. 2s., and 1s. 6d. do do

Superior book 2s 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. do do

Woodcut Ink 5s. and 7s. 9d. do do.

Red Ultramarine, Dark Blue, and other Colors 2s., 3s., 4s., 5s. 6d., and 6s.

Varnish 12s. 16s. and 20s per gallon.

Export Orders will receive the most prompt attention, with a careful adaption of the Ink to climate.

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED IN BUENOS AYRES. Insures at moderate remunerative all risks by sea, or on the river.

Office—Calle Bolivar 23.

DIRECTORS

Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President.
" " Enrique Quinn, Vice-President
" " Felipe Llanillo.
" " Manuel Zumaran.
" " Jacobo Paravicini.
" " Enrique Dominicon.
" " Mariano Cuenca.
" " Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

Sewing Machines.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW,
f19 201 Calle Venezuela.

Rams! Rams!! Rams!!!

Parties requiring Rams of the best breeds and in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia on Santa Elena Old Corrales, seven de Feb. entrada de Alsina.

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